AL - Naeem Holding for investments
(S.A.E – free zone)
Consolidated Financial Statements
For the period ended as of June 30, 2025
Limited Review Report

AL - NAEEM Holding for Investments "S.A.E— free zone" Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2025

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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NAEEM HOLDING COMPANY (S.A.E – Free Zone)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated financial position of **NAEEM HOLDING COMPANY (S.A.E – Free Zone)** as of 30 June 2025 and the related consolidated statements of profit or loss, consolidated comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the six months ended on that date, and summary of the main accounting policies and other explanatory notes, Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Egyptian accounting standards, our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

Except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph below, We conducted our review in accordance with the Egyptian Standard on review engagement no, (2410) "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent Auditor of the entity", A review of financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures, A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian standards on auditing, Consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit, Consequently; we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

The Company's management has not prepared a fair value assessment for its investments in Uni Fund International Financial Investments Company and Nile Palm Al Naeem for Real Estate Development (classified as investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income – Note 6) which have been recorded at cost amounting to USD 11 174 309 and USD 975 659, respectively, as of June 30, 2025, rather than at fair value. This is in contravention of the Egyptian Accounting Standards. Furthermore, we were unable to perform alternative limited review procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence regarding the valuation of these investments. Accordingly, we are unable to determine whether any impairment losses should have been recognized or whether any related disclosures should have been made in the financial statements as of 30 June 2025.

ADVISORY · ASSURANCE · TAX



Qualified Conclusion

Based on our limited review Except for the matter described in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects for the financial position of the company as of 30 June 2025, and its consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the six months ended in that date in accordance with Egyptian accounting standards.

Cairo: 14 August 2025

Auditor Amr Wahid Abdel Ghaffar

Baker Tilly Mohamed Hilal & Wahid Abdel Ghaffar.
Accountants and Consultants

AL Naeem Holding for Investments (S.A.E-Free Zone)
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2025

Translation of Financial Statements originally issued in Arabic

(All amounts in US Dollar)			
	Note	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Assets			
Non - current assets			
Fixed assets	(4)	17 298 841	17 497 502
Right of use assets		12 702	14 870
Projects under construction	(5)	36 086	43 337
Investments at fair value through OCI	(6)	88 718 252	71 101 620
Long - term investments	(7)	500 891	483 988
Notes receivables		666 395	381 781
Investments in associates	(8)	3 020 842	3 547 301
Deferred tax assets		17 725	17 424
Goodwill	(11)	10 653 452	54 416 732
Total non - current Assets	-	120 925 186	147 504 555
Current assets	-		***************************************
Cash & Cash Equivalents	(12)	3 905 332	5 294 061
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	(13)	5 247 838	6 675 219
Trade receivables	(14)	6 058 310	3 920 574
Work in progress	(15)	5 357 978	7 833 011
Debitors and other debit balances	(16)	7 054 586	6 779 443
Due from related parties		23 382 936	23 129 680
Finished units	(17)	2 846 218	3 486 257
Total current assets		53 853 198	57 118 245
Total assets	_	174 778 384	204 622 800
Owner's Equity			
Issued and paid up capital	(18)	245 290 246	245 290 246
Treasury shares	(19)	(55 164)	(55 164)
Legal reserve		8 506 431	8 506 431
General reserve		19 389 651	19 389 651
General reserve - Treasury stock reserve	(19)	5 824 305	5 824 305
Reserve of Unrealized gain from available for sale investme		28 723 569	6 374 375
Foreign Currency Translation Differences		(74 161 289)	(65 338 358)
Revaluation surplus		4 747 964	4 877 136
Retained losses	(20)	(76 716 119)	(77 239 479)
Net (losses) / Profits for The Period / Year	()	(45 061 516)	822 026
The owner's equity of the holding company	-	116 488 078	148 451 169
Non - controlling interest		39 012 362	38 473 989
Total The shareholders' equity and non - controlling into	erest	155 500 440	186 925 158
Non - current liabilities	_		
Long - Term liabilities	(21)	731 318	944 877
Deferred tax liabilities	(=1)	134 344	130 204
Total non - current liabilities	_	865 662	1 075 081
Current liabilities	-	000 002	1070001
Provisions	(22)	26 279	26 279
Bank facilities	(23)	5 742 010	4 410 969
Receivables – credit balances	(23)	2 747 784	1 576 000
Creditors and other credit balances	(24)	9 896 209	10 609 313
Total current liabilities	(24)	18 412 282	16 622 561
Total liabilities		19 277 944	17 697 642
	_		
Total equity and liabilities	_	174 778 384	204 622 800

⁻The accompanying notes is an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Ahmed Mahmoud ElGammal

Managing Director Youssel Medhat El Far



⁻Limited Review Report " Attached "

Naeem Holding for investments (S.A.E- free zone)

Consolidated Income Statement For the period ended June 30, 2025

Translation of Financial Statements originally issued in Arabic

Consolidated Income Statement For the period ended June 30, 2025		origi	nally issued in Ar	abic
(All amounts in US Dollar)	For the six m	onths ended	For the three n	onths ended
Not	e 30/6/2025	30/6/2024	30/6/2025	30/6/2024
Revenues				
Fees, commissions and investments managing revenues	1 354 512	1 740 343	707 643	518 255
Sales and rent revenue of finished units	947 115	1 225 322	707 870	58 421
Coupon revenue	301 944	346 271	298 580	345 307
sale of Investments at Fair Value through profits or losses	378	(146 099)	378	18 956
Unrealized profit / (Loss) from revaluation of investments at fair value through profit or loss	96 929	648	27 203	4 281
Credit interest	126 313	95 333	60 398	59 608
Foreign currency exchange	(58 456)	2 047 988	(94 274)	1 202 463
Company's share of profit/ (losses) in associated companies	(92 648)	(21 188)	(30 859)	(37 070)
Other income	910 363	619 248	563 659	290 813
Total Revenues	3 586 450	5 907 866	2 240 598	2 461 034
Add / Deduct				
General and administrative expenses	(1 772 704)	(1 937 376)	(861 573)	(743 528)
Impairment goodwill	(43 763 280)		(43 763 280)	
Impairment losses on investments in subsidiaries	(473 327)		(473 327)	
Marketing expenses and management fees	(34 181)	(145 789)	(18 240)	1 513
Finance lease expenses		(106 922)		(53 583)
Debit interests	(1 438 517)	(1 201 440)	(874 883)	(485 714)
Real estate depreciation (9)		(676)		(286)
Right of use amortisation	(2 506)	(3 006)	(1 258)	(1 272)
Fixed assets depreciation (4)	(325 107)	(1 049 491)	(163 179)	(521 354)
Expected credit loss	(74 414)	(39 830)	(26 548)	46 597
Total expenses	(47 884 036)	(4 484 530)	(46 182 288)	(1757627)
Net Profits for the period before taxes	(44 297 586)	1 423 336	(43 941 690)	703 407
Deduct				
Income tax	(223 506)	(247 117)	(164 540)	(21 862)
Deferred income taxes	(2 051)	(4 548)	(3 031)	(2 670)
Net(Loss)/ Profits for the period	(44 523 143)	1 171 671	(44 109 261)	678 875
Represented in:				
Shareholders' equity of the Holding Company	(45 061 516)	486 981	(44 525 266)	104 933
Non- controlling interest	538 373	684 690	416 005	573 942
•	(44 523 143)	1 171 671	(44 109 261)	678 875

-The accompanying notes is an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CFO

ElGammal

Ahmed Managin

Managing Director Yoursef Medhat El Chairman

Naeem Holding for investments (S.A.E- free zone)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the period ended june 30, 2025

Translation of Financial Statement originally issued in Arabic

(All amounts in US Dollar)				
	For the six mo	onths ended	For the three mo	nths ended
	30/6/2025	30/6/2024	30/6/2025	30/6/2024
Net (Loss)/Profits for the period	(44 523 143)	1 171 671	(44 109 261)	678 875
Revaluation of Investments at fair value through OCI	22 349 194	650 909	46 362 372	644 292
Foreign Currency Translation Differences	(8 822 931)	(2 776 175)	(10 375 239)	(2 781 612)
Total comprehensive income	(30 996 880)	(953 595)	(8 122 128)	(1 458 445)

-The accompanying notes is an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Almed Hahmand H Gammal

Youssef Medhat El Far Hussin Shoonship

Translation of Financial Statements originally issued in Arabic

Nacem Holding for investments (S.A.E- free zone)
Consolidated Statement of changes in equity For the period ended June 30, 2025

Contract of the Contract of th

(All amounts in US Dollar)													
	Issued and paid up capital	Legal reserve	General reserve	- General reserve Treasury stock reserve	Treasury shares	Reserve of Unrealized gain from available for sale investments	Revaluation surplus	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	Retained losses	Profit / Losses for the period	Total	Non - controlling interest	Total
Balance as of 1 January 2024	245 290 246	8 506 431	19 389 651	5 824 305	·	4 322 654	5 138 335	(45 641 723)	(67 485 848)	(527 459)	174 816 592	35 899 474	210 716 066
Transferred to retained losses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	(527 459)	527 459	1	1	1
Treasury shares	1	:	1	ı	(42 470)	1	1	1	1	ı	(42 470)	ı	(42 470)
The effect of selling financial investments at fair value through OCI	Ĭ	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	í	î	(6 175 312)	ı	(6 175 312)	1	(6 175 312)
Revaluation of financial Investments at fair value through OCI	1	}	í	ı	;	620 909	1	:	:	1	606 059	:	620 909
Consolidated translation exchange	1	8	1	1	1	1	ī	(3 780 131)	1	1	(3 780 131)	1	(3 780 131)
Net profit for the period	1	1	L	1	ı	1	ſ	1	1	486 981	486 981	684 690	1 171 671
Balance as of 30 June 2024	245 290 246	8 506 431	19 389 651	5 824 305	(42 470)	4 973 563	5 138 335	(49 421 854)	(74 188 619)	486 981	165 956 569	36 584 164	202 540 733
Balance as of 1 January 2025	245 290 246	8 506 431	19 389 651	5 824 305	(55 164)	6 374 375	4 877 136	(58 670 155)	(77 239 479)	822 026	155 119 372	38 473 989	193 593 361
Transferred to retained losses	1	1	F	1	-	-	1	1	822 026	(822 026)	I	Ĺ	1
Revaluation surplus	ı	;	1	1	1	1	(129 172)	}	129 172	1	0	1	1
Adjustments on retained losses	:	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	4 245 406		4 245 406	-	4 245 406
The effect of selling financial investments at fair value through OCI	,	1	1	ŧ	1	I	ı	1	(4 673 244)	E	(4 673 244)	1	(4 673 244)
Revaluation of financial Investments at fair value through OCI	ı	Į.	1	1	1	22 349 194	1	1	1	1	22 349 194	-	22 349 194
Consolidated translation exchange	ı	I.	1	1	1	-	-	(15 491 134)	1	I	(15 491 134)	*	(15 491 134)
Net Josses for the Period	ı	1	à à	ŀ	-	1	1	-		(45 061 516)	(45 061 516)	538 373	(44 523 143)
Balance as of 30 june 2025	245 290 246	8 506 431	19 389 651	5 824 305	(55 164)	28 723 569	4 747 964	(74 161 289)	(76 716 119)	(45 061 516)	116 488 078	39 012 362	155 500 440

-The accompanying notes is an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Managing Director Youssef Medhaf El Far



Naeem Holding for investments (S.A.E– free zone)
Consolidated Statement of cash flows For the period ended June 30, 2025

Translation of Financial Statements originally issued in Arabic

(All amounts in CS Donat)		For The Pe	wind Fudad
	Note	30/6/2025	30/6/2024
Cash flows from operating activities	Note	30/0/2023	50/0/2024
Profit for the period before taxes		(44 297 586)	1 423 336
Adjustments as Follow :		(112)7000)	1 123 330
Right of use depreciation		2 506	3 006
Fixed assets depreciation	(4)	325 107	1 049 491
Real estate depreciation	(9)		676
Adjustments on retained losses	(>)	(4 245 406)	
Debit interest		1 438 517	1 201 440
Credit interest		(126 313)	(95 333)
Impairment losses on investments in subsidiaries		473 327	(> 0 0 0 0 0)
impairment in goodwill		43 763 280	
Foreign currency exchange		58 456	(2 047 988)
Investment (losses) in associatesd		92 648	21 188
Unrealized profit / (losses) on revaluation of Investments at fair value through profit or	loss	(96 929)	(648)
Expected credit loss		74 414	39 830
Operting loss before change in working capital	-	(2 537 979)	1 594 998
Change In :		(,	
Trade receivable		(2 185 602)	2 545 545
Debitor and other debit balances		(275 143)	2 079 415
Customers – credit balances		1 171 784	(344 667)
Creditors and other credit balances and Long - Term liabilities		(926 663)	(168 978)
Due from related parties		(253 256)	(216 957)
Work in progress		2 475 033	1 951 858
Notes receivable		(284 614)	(2 571 680)
Finished units		640 039	1 300 143
Income Tax Paid	v=	(906 285)	(437 360)
Net cash flows (used in) / provided from operating activities		(3 082 686)	5 732 317
Cash flows from investing activities			
(Payments) to purchase fixed assets	(4)	(126 446)	(186 874)
(Payments) to Projects under construction		7 251	(31 230)
Change in Investments at fair value through OCI		15 337 979	(1 096 677)
Change in investments at fair value through profit or loss		1 524 310	(573 805)
Change in Right of use assets		(338)	11 251
Change in Long-term investments		(16 903)	266 620
Change in investments in associates		(39 516)	21 187
Net cash flows provided from / (used in) investing activities	-	16 686 337	(1 589 528)
Cash flows from financing activities			(=====)
Paid in banks overdraft		1 331 041	(2 864 687)
Adjustment on non controlling interest		538 373	684 690
Debit interest paid		(1 438 517)	(1 201 440)
Proceeds from Credit interest		126 313	95 333
Consolidated translation exchange		(15 491 134)	(3 780 131)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities	-	(14 933 924)	(7 066 235)
Impact of change in exchange rates	-	(58 456)	2 047 988
Cash and cash equivalents during the period		(1 388 728)	(875 458)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the period		5 294 060	2 791 630
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the period	(12)	3 905 332	1 916 172
			- NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PART

-The accompanying notes is an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Ahmed Mahmoud ElGammal Managing Director Youssef Medhat El Far



1- BACKGROUND

Naeem Holding Company for Investments "S.A.E - Free Zone" was incorporated according to the provisions of law 8 of 1997 and its executive regulations and law 95 of 1992 and its special executive regulations related to the capital market, The Company was registered in the commercial registry under number 881-Ismailia on the 14 May 2006, The Company's activities are as follows:

- 1. Participate, either fully or partially, in establishing companies.
- 2. Factoring.
- 3. Risk capital.
- 4. Finance lease.
- 5. Guarantee and covering public offering.
- 6. Margin trading and custodian function.

2- The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries as of June 30, 2025:

Activity	Share %
Financial Securities Brokerage	99.96%
Financial services	99.99%
Real estate financing	98.4%
Financial Securities investments	100%
Real Estate Investment Management	100%
Financial Securities	99.96%
Investment Fund	100%
Investment Fund	99%
Investment Fund	99%
Investment Fund	99%
Commodities Trading	98.80%
Financial services	47.61%
Financial services	99.92%
Manufacturing	99.98%
	Financial Securities Brokerage Financial services Real estate financing Financial Securities investments Real Estate Investment Management Financial Securities Investment Fund Investment Fund Investment Fund Investment Fund Commodities Trading Financial services Financial services

* AL - Naeem Holding for Investments (Recap) previously for Financial Investments owns the following ownerships in its Subsidiaries:

Company	Activity	Share %
-SVREICO for Real Estate Investment Company	Real Estate Investments	68.35%
-Naeem For Real Estate Investments	Real Estate Investments	99.98%
-Bedaya For Real Estate Investments (Subsidiary	Real Estate Investments	99%
of Naeem for Real Estate Investments)		
-Belady For Tourist Development and Hotels	Tourism Investments	99%
(Subsidiary of Naeem for Real Estate		
Investments)		
-Smart Gardens for real estate investment	Real Estate Investments	66%
-NAEEM for Consulting Services Company	Consulting services	98%

* On April 1, 2021 and in accordance with the agreement to sell the shares of Naeem Capital Investment Company "S.A.E" - a subsidiary owned 99.99% by of Naeem Holding for Investments, the entire company's one million shares were sold.

3- BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

- The financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with the Egyptian accounting standards and the applicable laws and regulations.
- Similar accounts for assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of Holding Company and its subsidiaries have been grouped, after excluding the following:
 - 1. The equity of subsidiary is reduced against the cost of the investment cost of Holding Company in its subsidiary.
 - 2. Intercompany accounts between Holding Company and subsidiaries:
 - Current accounts between group companies
 - Notes receivables / payables between group companies
 - 3. Revenues, expenses and dividends paid between Holding Company and subsidiaries during the period.
 - 4. Unrealized gains on the date of consolidated financial statements that resulted from transactions between Holding Company and subsidiaries which may appear in some assets at the date of consolidated financial statements,
 - 5. Any differences between debit and credit balances through settlements, which arose as a result of operation between Holding Company and subsidiaries which recorded in the books of one of the companies and have not been recorded in the books of other Company. Show minority interest in a separate line item in the consolidated financial statements attributed to equity share in subsidiaries.
- 6. Non-controlling interest are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition in separate item.

Naeem Holding for investments (S.A.E-free zone)
Notes to consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2025

(In the notes all amounts are shown in US Dollar unless otherwise stated)

Translation of Financial Statements originally issued in Arabic

(4) Fixed assets

Total	24 285 089 1 319 660 (41 309) 25 563 440 126 446 25 689 886	7 456 317 627 148 (17 527) 8 065 938 325 107 8 391 045 17 298 841 17 497 502
Office equipment and tools	1803 924 54 842 1858 766 51 828 1 910 594	1 721 004 30 070 1 751 074 28 944 1 780 018 130 576 107 692
Furniture and office utilities	5 211 319 2 127 5 213 446 14 739 5 228 185	3 860 738 64 343 3 925 081 23 341 3 948 422 1 279 763 1 279 763
Vehicles	633 589 125 885 (41 309) 718 165 59 879 778 044	348 427 30 155 (17 527) 361 055 17 178 378 233 399 811 357 110
*Buildings	16 636 257 1 136 806 17 773 063 17 773 063	1 526 148 502 580 2 028 728 255 644 2 284 372 15 488 691 15 744 335
	Cost as of 1/1/2024 Additions during the year Disposals during the year Cost as of 31/12/2024 Additions during the period Cost as of 30/6/2025	Accumulated depreciation as of 1/1/2024 Depreciation for the year Depreciation of disposals for the year Accumulated depreciation as of 31/12/2024 Depreciation for the period Accumulated depreciation as of 30/6/2025 Net Book Value 31/12/2024

^{*} Management has used the revaluation model in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (10) Fixed Assets according to the fair value study from an independent financial advisor on December 31, 2023.

5.	Projects Under Construction		
	·	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
	Projects Under Construction	36 086	43 337
	·	36 086	43 337
6.	Investments at Fair Value through OCI		
	C	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
	Quoted Shares in The Stock Market	19 157 634	45 265 708
	Unquoted Shares in The Stock Market	57 410 596	13 709 688
	Nile Palm EL Naeem for Real Estate Development	975 713	951 915
	Uni fund for financial investments	11 174 309	11 174 309
		88 718 252	71 101 620
7.	Long - Term Investments		
		30/6/2025	31/12/2024
	Misr Company for Central Clearing and Depository *	404 409	394 545
	Guarantee Settlement Fund**	96 482	89 443
		500 891	483 988

^{*}The change is due to decrease in the investment in Misr Company for central Clearing and Depository distributions of the capital of the company to its members every three years, and transfer ownerships of the equity between members according to par value, and redistribution when add new members.

8. Investments in Associates

176 942
879 537
490 822
547 301
-
547 301

^{**} The determination of the contribution in settlement gurantee fund is based on average value trade by the company to the value trade of the market due to quarter before.

9. Real Estate Investments

	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Beginning balance of the Cost for the Period/ year		3 727 324
Disposals for the period / year		(3 727 324)
Ending balance of the Cost as of the period \ year		
Beginning balance of Accumulated depreciation		(314 769)
Depreciation for the period \ Year		(622)
Ending balance of Accumulated depreciation		(315 391)
Ending balance		

According to the board of directors decision that had been held on 11 November 2015 which it was decided to cancel the finance lease contract with the International Company for Leasing which was contracted during 2011 related to the finance lease of building F4& B143,that resulted in acquisition of building B143 & F4 by Svreico For Real Estate Investment Company amounted to 2 946 959 EGP with the purpose of maintaining building B14 and building F4 to be offered for leasing according to one or more operating lease contract.

As a result, and according to prograph number (8) standard (34) of Egyptians accounting standards that related to investment properties, Svreico for Real Estate Investment Company recognized building F4 and B143 in the real estate investment.

Referring to the decision of the Minister of Investment No, 110 for the year 2015 to issue the accounting standards, which resulted in a change in Standard No, 34 of the Egyptian Accounting Standards for Real Estate Investment and the derecognition of the fair value method, Accordingly, they were reclassified in Accordance with transitional provisions from the fair value method to the cost method, it was taken into consideration that the useful life of the original 50 years.

10. Employees rewarding system

On March 30, 2020, the Extraordinary General Assembly unanimously approved the abolition of the bonus and incentive system for existing employees and managers of the company and the transfer of the balance of the remaining shares of the bonus and incentive Employees' rewarding system and managers of Al-Naeem Holding Company for Investments of 27 442 248 shares into treasury shares amounted 20 619 163 USD and the provisions of the treasury shares apply to them.

11.	Goodwill		
		30/6/2025	31/12/2024
	Goodwill arising from acquisition of:	40 220 002	40 220 002
	Naeem Brokerage in financial securities Naeem development holding (REACAP for financial	40 330 093	40 330 093
	investments previously)	10 251 294	10 251 294
	Naeem for Financial Investments	3 103 794	3 103 794
	Smart for securities (Etihad Capital for Securities)	731 551	731 551
		54 416 732	54 416 732
	Deduct: impairment in goodwill	(43 763 280)	
		10 653 452	54 416 732
	(*) and the impairment in goodwill balance is		
	represented in:		
		30/6/2025	31/12/2024
	Naeem Brokerage in financial securities	(40 330 093)	
	Naeem development holding (REACAP for financial investments previously)	(1 818 483)	
	Naeem for Financial Investments	(883 153)	
	Smart for securities (Etihad Capital for Securities)	(731 551)	
		(43 763 280)	
12	Cash and Cash Equivalent		
14.	Cash and Cash Equivalent	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
	US Dollars	30/0/2023	31/12/2024
	Cash on hand	5 682	3 429
	Banks - Current accounts	650 969	514 949
		50 000	50 000
	Time deposit	706 651	568 378
	Other Currencies	, 00 001	
	Cash on hand	23 410	17 404
	Banks - Current accounts	2 606 013	4 121 662
	Time deposits	569 330	587 307
	Time deposits		
		3 198 753	4 726 373
	Deduct:	(70)	((00)
	Expected credit loss	(72)	(690)
		3 905 332	5 294 061

3. Investments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Quoted shares in the stock market	476 127	646 005
Unquoted shares in the stock market	742 482	679 986
Investment fund units (Treasury shares)	4 029 229	5 349 228
, ,	5 247 838	6 675 219
4. Trade Receivables		
	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Trade Receivables	6 257 605	4 117 160
Deduct: Expected Credit Loss	(199 295)	(196 586)
Expected Credit Loss	6 058 310	3 920 574
Work in Duognoss		
5. Work in Progress	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Marsa Alam Land		4 885 685
First phase lands – smart village – buildings and constructions	5 357 978	2 947 326
	5 357 978	7 833 011
6. Debtors and Other Debit Balances		
	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Prepaid expenses	41 398	50 443
Employees' loans and advances	3 094	1 833
Deposit with others	244 068	214 415
Tamweel For Mortgage Company *	737 803	922 249
Advances to suppliers	835 275	226 707
Accrued Revenue	14 039	
Tax Authority	68 410	57 244
Notes receivables	2 404 966	1 562 078
Other debit balances	2 717 347	3 749 633
	7 066 455	6 784 602
Deduct:		
Expected credit loss	(11 814)	(1 159)
	7 054 586	6 779 443

^{*} The company has made a sale and lease back contract for the first and third floor -building B-16 in Smart village that the company owns it with Tamweel for Mortgage.

17. Finished units

First phase Buildings – Smart village* 2 846 218 3 486 257
2 846 218 3 486 257

18. Issued and paid-up capital

The Company's authorized capital amounts to USD 600 million and the initial issued and paid-up capital at the date of incorporation amounted to USD 120 million divided over 120 million shares each with a par value of USD 1.

On 18 July 2006, the board of directors approved an increase in the issued and paid-up capital from USD 120 million to USD 240 million and increase the shares from 120 million shares to 240 million shares each with a par value of USD 1 and the increase was fully subscribed in.

On 30 March 2008 the general assembly meeting agreed on board of directors' proposal to declare 1 stock dividend for every 3 shares with total amount of USD 80 million, On 16 July 2008 the capital increase was registered at Misr for Central Clearing, Depository and Registry Company, Accordingly, issued and paid-up capital amounted to USD 320 million divided over 320 million shares each with a par value of USD 1.

- On 11 November 2009 the board of directors decided to redeem 10 660 529 shares from treasury shares at their par value (Note 19), Accordingly the Company issued and paid-up capital amounted to USD 309 339 471.
- On 14 April 2011 extra ordinary general assembly meeting decided to redeem
- 5 017 471 shares of treasury shares with their par value (Note 20) accordingly issued and paid-up capital becomes USD 304 322 000.
- On 21 May 2012, according to the decree of the Extraordinary General Assemble Meeting, 10 432 529 shares of treasury shares have been redeemed with their par value (Note 19), accordingly issued and paid-up capital becomes USD 293 889 471.
- On 6 August 2013, according to the decree of the Extraordinary General Assemble Meeting, 10 000 000 shares of treasury shares have been redeemed with their par value (Note 19), accordingly issued and paid-up capital becomes USD 283 889 471.
- On 16 January 2014 the articles no,6 & 7 of the company's article of association has been changed and the changes were highlighted in the commercial register on that date.
- Pursuant to the decisions of the extraordinary general assembly held on 25 July 2016, which stipulated for reducing the issued and paid-up capital from USD 283 889 471 to USD 198 722 630 by way of reducing the nominal value per share from 1 USD to USD 0.70 while keeping the number of shares as it is, i.e., 283 889 471 shares. The aforesaid decisions further stipulated for transferring the reduced portion of capital, amounting to USD 85 166 841 to the company's reserves (general reserve), and for amending articles nos. (6 and 7) of the company's articles of association.
- On 22 June 2017 the ordinary general assembly meeting agreed on board of directors' proposal to declare 1 stock dividend for every 10 shares outstanding with total amount of USD 19 872 263. On 9 October 2017 the capital increase was registered at Misr for Central

^{*} This amount represents the covered costs related to the unsold portion of buildings no B109 & B16 at the first phase, as included in the balances of Sverico for Real Estate Investment Company.

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Clearing. Depository and Registry, Accordingly, issued and paid-up capital amounted to USD 218 594 893 divided over 312 278 418 shares each with a par value of USD 0.70 and it was modified in the commercial register dated 14 September 2017.

- On 15 April 2018 the ordinary general assembly meeting agreed on board of directors' proposal to declare 1 stock dividend for every 10 shares outstanding with total amount of USD 21 859 489. On 10 October 2018 the capital increase was registered at Misr for Central Clearing. Depository and Registry, Accordingly, issued and paid-up capital amounted to USD 240 454 382 divided over 343 506 260 shares each with a par value of USD 0.70 and it was modified in the commercial register dated 12 September 2018.
- On 28 March 2019 the ordinary general assembly meeting agreed on board of directors' proposal to declare 1 stock dividend for every 10 shares outstanding with total amount of USD 24 045 438. On 9 June 2019 the capital increase was registered at Misr for Central Clearing. Depository and Registry, Accordingly, issued and paid-up capital amounted to USD 264 499 820 divided over 377 856 886 shares each with a par value of USD 0.70 and it was modified in the commercial register dated 28 May 2019.
- On April 7, 2021, based on to the company's general assembly's decision, which included the approval to reduce the issued and paid-in capital from \$264 499 820 to be the issued and paid-in capital \$245 290 246 And that is by executing the treasury shares mentioned in the company's financial statements for the financial year ending on December 31, 2020, amounting to 27 442 248 shares with a face value for one share of 0.70 US dollars with a total value of 19 209 574 US dollars the articles no, 6 & 7 of the company's article of association has been adjusted and it was modified in the commercial register dated 13 July 2021.

19. General reserve -Treasury stock reserve

- According to the Company's board of directors meeting held on 25 August 2008, the Company decided to purchase 4.9% from Company's shares. The Company had purchased 11 115 493 shares during 2008 and 2009 with amount of USD 7 428 235.
- On 11 November 2009 the board of directors agreed to redeem 10 660 529 shares from treasury shares at par value, The Company completed the appropriate procedures to redeem these shares of an amount of 7 219 991 USD as at 30 March 2010 according to the decision of the extraordinary general assembly meeting held, The difference between the acquisition cost and the par value amounted to USD 3 440 538 is recognized in reserve available for distribution in equity at the balance sheet as of 31 December 2009.
- According to the decree of Company's Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting held on 14 April 2011, 5 017 471 treasury shares and their acquisition cost is amounted to 2 654 357 and their par value is amounted to USD 5 017 471 has been redeemed, and the difference between the share's par value and their acquisition cost has been charged to reserve available for distribution in the equity in the Consolidated balance sheet, as of 31 December 2011 with the addition to the amount of USD 2 363 114, so that, for the reserve available for distribution as of 31 December 2011 amounted to 5 803 652 USD.
- On 21 May 2012, according to the Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting decision, 10 432 529 shares from treasury shares have been redeemed at par value that had acquisition cost amount to USD 5 605 525 with par value amount to USD 10 432 529, The difference between

the par value and acquisition cost amount to USD 4 827 004, so that the dividends available to distribution becomes USD 10 630 656 as of 31 December 2012.

- On 6 August 2013, according to the Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting decision, 10 000 000 shares from treasury shares have been redeemed at par value that had acquisition cost amount to USD 2 814 142 with par value amount to USD 10 000 000, The difference between the par value and acquisition cost amount to USD 6671 109.
- On 13 November 2013, according to the Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting decision,
 5 000 000 shares from treasury share have been purchased with the amount of USD 1 608 173
 for the purpose of financing rewarding system.
- On 30 September 2020 Treasury stock reserve amounted to USD 7 233 894
- (On 31 December 2019, USD 7 233 894).
- On April 7, 2021 according to the decision of the Extraordinary General Assembly of the company, a number of 27 442 248 shares were executed from treasury stock at their face value which is the cost of acquisition is 20 619 163 \$and the nominal value of 19 209 574 \$The difference between the face value and the cost of acquiring these shares was included in the treasury stock reserve with equity in the stand-alone statement of financial position on

December 31, 2020 with 7 233 894 USD bringing the total value of the treasury stock reserve 5 824 305 USD on June 30 2025.

20. Retained losses

	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Beginning Balance	(77 239 479)	(67 485 848)
Transferred to Retained losses	822 026	(527 459)
Effect of depreciation revaluation	129 172	261 199
Adjustments on retained losses	4 245 406	
effect of selling financial investments at fair value through comprehensive income	(4 673 244)	(9 487 371)
Ending Balance	(76 716 119)	(77 239 479)
21. Long -term liabilities		
	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Notes Payable	127 526	224 076
Lease Contract Liability	603 792	720 801
	731 318	944 877

22. Provisions

	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Provisions	26 279	26 279
	26 279	26 279

23. Bank facilities

	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
United bank	997 984	
United Ahly Bank	2 681 451	2 675 059
Saib Bank	504 032	177 026
Alttijari Wafa Bank	719 042	281 362
Arab African International Bank **	839 501	1 277 522
	5 742 010	4 410 969

^{**} The company obtained a secured credit from the Arab African International Bank –Egypt amounting to LE 200 million, ensuring securities and guaranteed by the shares of Recap for Financial Investments Company and Egyptian Gulf Bank, with the aim of financing a securities portfolio investment.

24. Credit and Other Creditor Balances

	30/6/2025	31/12/2024
Insurance for others	242 796	189 451
Accrued expenses	125 761	164 530
Central depository custody	13 640	7 687
Social insurance authority	22 611	11 761
Takaful Contribution	7 060	22 324
Risk guarantee fund	234	62
Tax Authority	413 631	1 027 667
General authority for investment and free zones		1 964 590
Nile Palm EL Naeem for Real Estate Development	982 960	114 508
Notes payable – short term	141 840	958 985
Lease contract liability	6 345	124 590
Purchasing and selling clearing	253 427	507 853
Advanced Revenue	4 555 670	3 078 326
Maintenance Creditors	1 820 922	1 482 751
Other credit balances	1 309 312	954 228
	9 896 209	10 609 313

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25. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments are represented in financial assets and liabilities, the financial assets include cash on hand and at banks, account receivables, other debit balances and financial investments, the financial liabilities include bank overdraft, dividends payable and other credit balances.

The significant accounting policies applied for the recognizing of income and expenses are included in note (30) of the notes to the financial statements. a-The foreign currency risk other than US dollar.

a-The foreign currency

The foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of the financial assets and liabilities and their related cash inflows and outflows in foreign currencies other than the US Dollar will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

b- Fair Value

According to the followed bases in the evaluation of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company, the fair value of the financial instruments is not materially different from their fair values at the financial statements date.

c- Credit Risk

The company settles its banking liabilities periodically to avoid unexpected financial losses.

d- Liquidity Risk

The company is constantly examining financial situation of liquidity for all items of the statements as well as Taking all necessary precautionary measures to face any expected risks that may arise from the dealings of the company and lead to a problem in liquidity.

e- Risks of Cash Flows related to Interest Rate

Usually, future cash flows of financial instruments is prepared, in order to anticipate any changes that may occur in the future interest rate changes and this may lead to a change in the effective interest rate of the tool without any change in fair value.

26. Contingent Liabilities

The company warrants a letter of guarantee at the amount of AED 1 000 000 or the equivalent amount in US dollars, as issued by the Arab African International Bank to Naeem for Stocks and Bonds Company in favor of the stock exchanges in Dubai and Abu Dhabi, with the aim of guaranteeing the brokerage activity.

27. Goals and Methods of Capital Management

The Company aims to achieve the maximum return on its capital through capital management in accordance with its related investments activities through its operations department that has a sufficient experience to manage company's capital and to achieve the required return.

Capital finance of the group is made through shareholder's equity, and borrowings through financial institutions are very limited.

28. Tax Position of The Companies of Naeem Holding Group for Investments

- Naeem Holding Company
- **Income Tax:** The Company was established at the free zone in Ismailia, and was exempted from the income tax in accordance with the Investment Guarantees and Incentives Law No. 8 of the year 1997.
- Salaries Tax:
- from 2012 till 2019
- the company has been inspected and the taxes has been paid and the company pays its obligations according to the its legal due dates.

The years from 2020 to 2023

the company has not been inspected and No tax forms were received.

The company is committed to implementing the provisions of Law No. 91 of 2005 and its amendments, and the company has made payments under the tax account.

- **Stamp duty:** The company was exempted from stamp duty tax till 13 May 2011 and starting from 14 May 2011 it is affected by the stamp tax. the company fulfills its tax obligations as per the due dates.

29. Going Concern

On 27 March 2013, according to the Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting decision of Bedoya for Real Estate Investment Company (Subsidiary), it was accepted to freeze the company's activities as of 31 March 2013, and the tax card has been retained by the company.

As per the decision from the board of directors of the Egyptian Financial Supervisory Authority (EFSA) session held on 23 July 2011, Naeem for Real Estate Financing (Subsidiary) has been prevented from performing its operations according to the article no, 42 of the real estate financing law no 148 of 2001 for not completing its issued capital.

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30. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

30-1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption and on a historical cost basis, except for balance sheet items that have been measured at fair value.

30-2 Subsidiaries companies

Subsidiaries are the companies that under the control of the group, In Which the group has the ability to control their financial and operating policies to obtain benefits from its activities taking into consideration the current and probable voting rights at the date of preparation of consolidated financial statements, When measuring the extent of control, The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition till the date losing control of Holding Company on subsidiaries.

30-3 Consolidation elimination transactions

When preparing consolidated financial statements all balances, transactions and unrealized gains and losses between group companies are eliminated.

30-4 Conformity with accounting standards

The financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with the Egyptian accounting standards and the applicable laws and regulations.

30-5 Foreign currency translation

The Holding Company maintains its accounts in US Dollar as it operates in a free zone, Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the prevailing exchange rate at the date of the transaction, Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than US Dollar are retranslated using the prevailing exchange rate currencies other than US Dollar at the balance sheet date, all differences are recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

For the subsidiaries that maintains its accounts with a different currencies other than used by the Holding Company (US Dollars), balances of assets and liabilities of the financial statements for these companies are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the financial position date, equity translated on the basis of historical exchange rates, Revenues and expenses on the bases of average exchange rates during the year, Foreign exchange translation differences recorded in special reserve item "Consolidated Translation differences due to consolidation" in equity consolidated balance sheet.

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30-6 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, Corresponding cost for this process and cost to complete, if available, are measured:

- Profit or loss resulted from sale of financial investments are recognized on transaction date based on the difference between the cost and selling price less selling commission and expenses,
- Dividends income is recognized when collected,
- Interest income is recognized on accrual basis,
- Brokerage commissions resulting from purchase and sale of securities for clients are recorded after implementation of buy or selling order and issuing client's invoice,
- Management fees are calculated on a monthly basis based on agreed upon contract of the total customer's investment portfolio and total market value shares of the client according to contract terms,
- Purchase with margin revenue is recognized on accrual basis and according to agreed upon interest rate,
- Custody revenues are recognized on accrual basis based on the agreed upon percentages with the customers,
- Performance revenue are calculated annually on the net profit of the investment portfolio of the client under the terms of the contract.

• Operating Revenue from the Sale of Real Estates and Lands

Revenue is achieved upon the delivery of units to the Company's customers and the transferring of all risks and economic benefits related to the unit.

Revenue is recognized when there is sufficient certainty that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue shall be measured at the fair value of the due or the received consideration. Any trade discounts, volume rebates, sales taxes or charges shall be deducted and revenue is measured net of these items.

• Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognized by using the effective yield method. Interest revenue is recorded in the Profit or Loss statement under the financing income.

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30-7 Property and plant

Property and plant are stated at historical cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment when that cost is incurred, if the recognition criteria are met, Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied, All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in consolidated statement of income as incurred.

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, and is computed using the straight-line method according to the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

	Years
Buildings	20
Furniture and office utilities	10 - 16
Office equipment and tools	3 - 8
Vehicles	3 - 5

Fixed assets are derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal, any gain or loss arising on derecognizing of the asset is included in the consolidated statement of income when the asset is derecognized.

The assets residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year-end.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is an indication that fixed assets may be impaired, Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount, Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of income.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized, The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years, Such reversal is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

The accounting policy has been changed for the subsequent measurement of fixed assets for the land and buildings item according to the revaluation model in accordance with paragraph No. (31) of Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (10) amended in 2023, provided that the item of fixed assets whose fair value can be measured in a reliable way is recorded, which is the phrase For the revaluation amount on the revaluation date of December 31, 2023, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The valuation was made using the market value method as determined by the Financial Supervision Authority's certified appraisers.

The company records the revaluation surplus in the statement of other comprehensive income, and the company conducts revaluation regularly when there is a difference in the book value that is of relative importance.

The cumulative effect of the revaluation surplus during the current period was recognized in this comprehensive income and the Company applied the revaluation model election for the first time on December 31, 2023.

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30-8 Investments

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets classified as either held for trading acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term or financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value inclusive direct attributable expenses.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value with gains or losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

A gain or loss arising from sale of an investment at fair value through profit or loss shall be recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

Available for sale investments

Available for sale investments are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as loans and receivables, held to maturity investments or investments at fair value through profit or loss.

Available for sale investments are initially recognized at fair value inclusive directly attributable expenses.

After initial measurement, available for sale investments are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in the other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss recorded in the other comprehensive is recognized in the consolidated statement of income, or determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative loss recorded in equity is recognized in the statement of income,

If the fair value of an equity instrument cannot be reliably measured, the investment is carried at cost.

Equity investments: where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss is removed from the other comprehensive income and recognized in the consolidated of income, Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the statement of income; increases in the fair value after impairment are recognized directly in equity.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are investments in entities which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture, Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Company holds, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements at cost inclusive acquisition cost and in case the investment is impaired, the carrying amount is adjusted by the value of this impairment and is charged to the consolidated statement of income for each investment separately, Impairment loss shall not be reversed.

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30-9 Non-Current assets held for sale

Non-Current assets held for sale is the non-current assets that is expected to recover its book value basically from sale agreement not from the use of those assets those assets are measured by the lower of the book value or the fair value after deducting the sales cost.

Non-Current assets held for sale in case of impairment, the carrying amount to be adjusted by the value of this impairment and are charged to the consolidated of income Impairment losses to be reversed in the period when occurred, and to the extent to the amount of book value that previously reduced unless the impairment loss was recognized in the previous years.

30-10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made, Provisions are reviewed at the financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate, Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision should be the present value of the expected expenditures required to settle the obligation, Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

30-11 Legal reserve

According to the Company's articles of association, 5% of the net profits of the year is transferred to the legal reserve until this reserve reaches 50% of the issued capital, the reserve is used upon a decision from the general assembly meeting based on the proposal of the board of directors.

30-12 Income taxes

Income tax is calculated in accordance with the Egyptian tax law.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior year are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the liability method on temporary differences between the amount attributed to an asset or liability for tax purposes (tax base) and it carrying amount in the balance sheet (accounting base) using the applicable tax rate.

Deferred tax asset is recognized when it is probable that the asset can be utilized to reduce future taxable profits and the asset is reduced by the portion that will not create future benefit.

Current and deferred tax shall be recognized as income or an expense and included in the statement of income for the year.

30-13 Expenses

All expenses including operating expenses, general and administrative expenses and other expenses are recognized and charged to the consolidated statement of income in the financial year in which these expenses were incurred.

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30-14 Treasury shares

Treasury shares are recognized at cost and deducted from equity at the consolidated sheet, taking into consideration for the company not to hold these stocks less than three months but not to exceed one year holding year, The company is authorized to sell the stocks during the year in case that their fair value exceeds their cost after general authority for financial supervisory approval, The company's board of directors should disclose in the extraordinary general assembly meeting the reasons for the company holding these stocks for more than six months to agree on the action to be taken towards them.

30-15 Employees rewarding system

Securities held for employees rewarding system are measured by reference to the fair value (market price) at the date of establishing the system and allocation and are revaluated to the fair value (market price) at each reporting date, together with a corresponding revaluation differences in equity at the balance sheet.

30-16 Related party transactions

Related parties represent associate companies, major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties, pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the boards of directors.

30-17 Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the financial years, Actual results could differ from these estimates.

30-18 Impairment

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired, A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each consolidated balance sheet date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating units (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount, Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

A previously recognized impairment loss is only reversed if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized, The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years, Such reversal is recognized in the consolidated statement of income.

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30-19 Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

30-20 Cash and cash equivalent

For the purpose of preparing the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalent comprise cash on hand, current accounts with banks and time deposits maturing within three months.

30-21 Projects under construction

Projects under construction represent the amounts that are incurred for the purpose of constructing or purchasing fixed assets until it is ready to be used in the operation, upon which it is transferred to fixed assets, Projects under construction are valued at cost less impairment.

30-22 Work in progress

Properties acquired, constructed or in the course of construction for future sale are classified as work in process at their cost.

Work in process is subsequently carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost to complete development and selling activities.

30-23 Long term Investments

Long term investments are represented in the company's share in Misr for Central Clearing Depository Registry (MCDR), the long-term investments should be recorded at the acquisition cost less any permanent impairment in its value for each investment separately.

30-24 Finished Units

Revenue from finished units is recorded at fair value for the amount received or due by the net after deducting any commercial discounts, quantities, sales tax or any other fees.

30-25 Real estate investment

Investment property is property (land or a building—or part of a building—or both) held (by the owner or by the lessee under a finance lease) to earn rentals or

for capital appreciation or both.

Investment property is measured initially at cost including transaction costs. The investments property are measured after initial recognition at fair value and the gains or losses arising from change in fair value are recognized in the statement of income.

30-26 Fair Value Measurement

The fair value represents the price which would be received by the company in return for selling an asset or transferring a liability under an orderly transaction between market participants on the date of measurement.

Fair value measurement is based on the assumption that the asset sale or liability transfer transaction will take place in the principal market of the asset or liability or the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of the asset or liability is measured by means of the assumptions likely to be used by the market participants upon pricing the asset or liability, assuming that the market participants will work on achieving their economic interests.

Fair value measurement for the non-financial asset or liability takes into account the market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by making the most acceptable use of the asset or by selling the asset to another market partner capable of using the asset in its utmost capacity.

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As for the current assets in an active market, the fair value is determined by referring to the declared market purchase prices.

Fair value of the interest-bearing items is estimated based on the discounted cash flows, by using the interest rates applicable to identical items having the same conditions and risk properties.

As for unlisted assets, their fair value is determined by referring to the market value of identical assets or based on the expected discounted cash flows.

The company uses valuation techniques appropriate for the surrounding circumstances, in respect of which adequate data is available for the purpose of fair value measurement. Consequently, the company maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities the fair value of which is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are classified into three main levels in terms of fair value measurement, as follows:

- First level: by using unadjusted quoted prices of identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Second level: by using inputs other than the quoted prices mentioned in the first level, which are observable for the asset or liability whether directly (i.e., prices) or indirectly (i.e., price-derived inputs).
- Third level: by using valuation techniques which include inputs for the asset or liability none based on observable market data.

As for the assets and liabilities frequently recognized in the financial statements, the company determines whether the three levels of fair value hierarchy were alternatively used or not, by way of revaluating the foregoing classification at the end of the reporting year.

For fair value disclosure purposes, the company has specified some categories for assets and liabilities based on their nature, properties and relevant risks, as well as their levels of classification in the fair value hierarchy indicated above.

30-27 Lease contract

This Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an entity.

At inception of a contract, an entity shall assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

An entity shall determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both:

- A. periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- B. periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

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The lessor

Whether a lease is a finance lease or a finance lease depends on the substance of the transaction rather than the form of the contract. Examples of situations that individually or in combination would normally lead to a lease being classified as a finance lease are:

- 1. the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term;
- 2. the lessee has the option to purchase the underlying asset at a price that is expected to be sufficiently lower than the fair value at the date the option becomes exercisable for it to be reasonably certain, at the inception date, that the option will be exercised;
- 3. the lease term is for the major part of the economic life of the underlying asset even if title is not transferred;
- 4. at the inception date, the present value of the lease payments amounts to at least substantially all of the fair value of the underlying asset; and
- 5. the underlying asset is of such a specialized nature that only the lessee can use it without major modifications.

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

Initial measurement

The lessor shall use the interest rate implicit in the lease to measure the net investment in the lease. In the case of a sublease, if the interest rate implicit in the sublease cannot be readily determined, an intermediate lessor may use the discount rate used for the head lease (adjusted for any initial direct costs associated with the sublease) to measure the net investment in the sublease.

Initial direct costs, other than those incurred by manufacturer or dealer lessors, are included in the initial measurement of the net investment in the lease and reduce the amount of income recognized over the lease term.

The interest rate implicit in the lease is defined in such a way that the initial direct costs are included automatically in the net investment in the lease; there is no need to add them separately.

Initial measurement of the lease payments included in the net investment in the lease:

At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the net investment in the lease comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not received at the commencement date:

- 1. Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments less any lease incentives payable;
- 2. variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- 3. any residual value guarantees provided to the lessor by the lessee, a party related to the lessee or a third party unrelated to the lessor that is financially capable of discharging the obligations under the guarantee;
- 4. the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option
- 5. payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

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Finance leases

A lessor shall recognize lease payments from finance leases as income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis. The lessor shall apply another systematic basis if that basis is more representative of the pattern in which benefit from the use of the underlying asset is diminished.

The standard introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee is required to recognize a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

Initial measurement of the right-of-use asset

At the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost.

The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise:

- a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability
- b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- c) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The lessee incurs the obligation for those costs either at the commencement date or as a consequence of having used the underlying asset during a particular period.

Subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset

Cost model

To apply a cost model, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost:

- a) Less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and
- b) adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability lessee shall apply the depreciation requirements in IAS 16 Property, Plant and equipment in depreciating the right-of-use asset, If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the lessee will exercise a purchase option, the lessee shall depreciate the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset.

Initial measurement of the lease liability

At the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee shall use the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

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Subsequent measurement of the lease liability

After the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the lease liability by:

- increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; 1.
- 2. reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- 3. re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications specified, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments

31. important Events

- On February 1, 2024, the Monetary Policy Committee of the Central Bank of Egypt decided to raise the overnight deposit and lending rates, and the rate of the central bank's main operation, by 200 basis points to 21.25%, 22.25%, and 21.75%, respectively. The credit and discount rates were also raised by 200 basis points to 21.75%.
- On March 6, 2024, the Monetary Policy Committee of the Central Bank of Egypt decided to raise the overnight deposit and lending rates, and the rate of the central bank's main operation, by 600 basis points to 27.25%, 28.25%, and 27.75%, respectively. The credit and discount rates were also raised by 600 basis points to 27.75%.
- On March 6, 2024, the Central Bank of Egypt (CBE) issued a decision to liberalize the exchange rate of foreign currencies against the Egyptian pound, which resulted in a significant increase in the exchange rate of foreign currencies against the local currency (the Egyptian pound). On April 17, 2025, the Monetary Policy Committee of the Central Bank of Egypt (CBE) decided to reduce the overnight deposit and lending rates and the rate of the Central Bank's main operation by 225 basis points to 25%, 26%, and 25.50%, respectively. The credit and discount rates were also reduced by 225 basis points to 25.50%.
- On May 22, 2025, the Monetary Policy Committee of the Central Bank of Egypt (CBE) decided to reduce the overnight deposit and lending rates and the rate of the Central Bank's main operation by 100 basis points to 24%, 25%, and 24.50%, respectively. The credit and discount rates were also reduced by 100 basis points to 24.50%.

CFO Ahmed Mahmoud ElCammal

Managing Director

Youssef Medhat El Far